

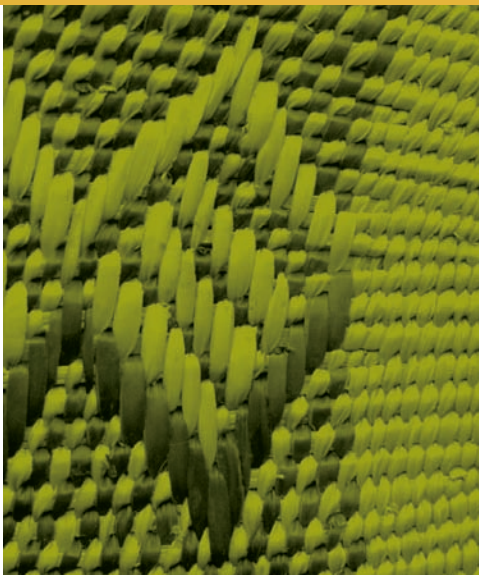
ORIGINS: AFRICA



METHODOLOGY OF AFRICAN-AMERICAN STUDIES ♦ QUESTION OF COLOR ♦ BLACK FAMILY ♦ GENDER ♦ RELIGION ♦ BLACKS IN THE ECONOMIC SYSTEM ♦ SOCIAL MOVEMENTS ♦ LITERARY TRADITION ♦ SLAVE TRADE ♦ ARTS ♦ PAN-AFRICAN POPULAR CULTURE ♦ HISTORICAL MEMORY ♦ AFRICAN-AMERICANS & AFRICA ♦ IDEOLOGY OF RACE ♦ AFRO-LATINOS
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METHODOLOGY OF AFRICAN-AMERICAN STUDIES ♦ QUESTION OF COLOR ♦ MORE...

BLACK STUDIES CENTER™

Now featuring The HistoryMakers™ video oral histories as an add-on module!



FINALLY. A FAR-RANGING, ORGANIZED, ONE-STOP GATEWAY TO BLACK STUDIES. BLACK STUDIES CENTER.

You've been waiting for decades, and now it's here. When Black Studies emerged as a vital new field in the 1960s, you started looking for a way to keep up...a way to make your library a "Black Studies Center" in its own right. But what a struggle. Those under-collected and now rare retrospective materials, scattered around the globe; the flood of new materials in every subject and genre; the lack of a coherent framework for presenting and interpreting them....



ORIGINS: AFRICA

Here at last. We've done it for you. Our Chadwyck-Healey™ Black Studies Center is a digital core collection of primary and secondary sources that record and illuminate the Black experience, from ancient Africa through modern times.

This one-stop resource provides everything you need to enrich your existing Black Studies collection or start a new one from the ground up. You benefit from:

- > A wealth of content you can trust
- > Material unavailable elsewhere
- > Cross-searching from multiple perspectives
- > Support for research, teaching, and student projects

Essential for Academic Libraries

The Black Studies Center not only provides the vital foundation for in-depth research in Black Studies, it also reflects Black contributions in virtually every discipline, from medicine to education to economics. It gives you:

- > Topical overviews by leading academic experts
- > Rare and unique primary sources
- > Contextual materials
- > Single-point searching and browsing of diverse content

Users will also appreciate the pinpoint searching citation software support, and other features designed specifically for academic researchers.

Vital for Public and Community College Libraries, Too

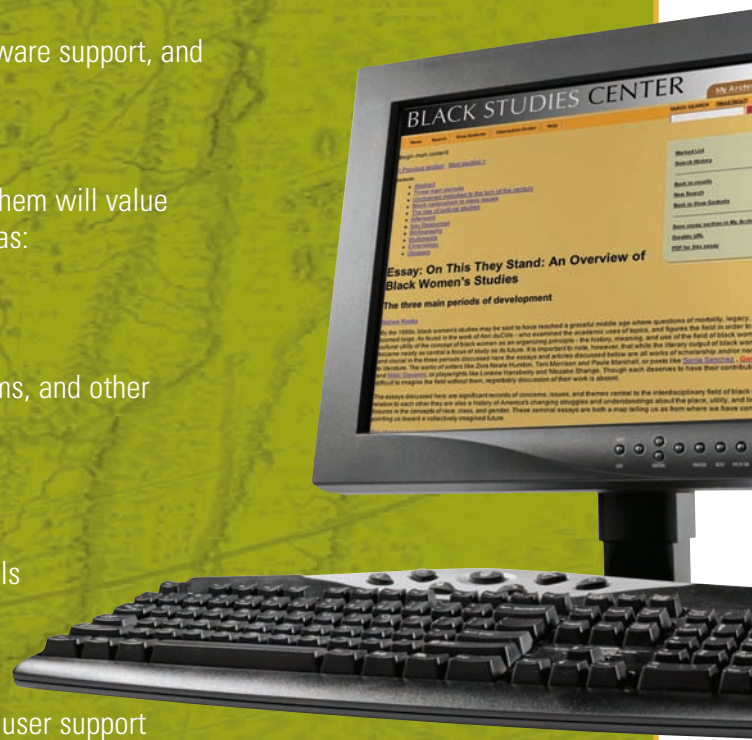
Students, community members, and the librarians who serve them will value the Black Studies Center gateway for its ease of use, as well as:

- > Easy searching and browsing
- > Primary sources in friendly format
- > Vivid multimedia, photos, historical timeline, glossary of terms, and other contextual materials
- > Support for community outreach
- > Black History Month information

The Black Studies Center allows users to focus on the materials themselves, rather than the hassle of tracking them down.

Interface Support for Libraries and Users

The Black Studies Center interface includes robust library and user support features such as Quick Search, MyArchive (a user-specific research log), durable URLs, citation software support, OpenURL and Z39.50 compliance, COUNTERcompliant usage statistics, and more.



An Ever-Growing Content Base, Integrated for Easy Use. The Black Studies Center includes four of the many Chadwyck-Healey databases related to Black Studies, plus three exciting add-on modules. All cross-searchable. More are slated for inclusion in the Black Studies Center in the near future.

Overviews by Leading Scholars—Schomburg Studies on the Black Experience

This groundbreaking new resource is the product of a partnership between ProQuest and the Schomburg Center for Research in Black Culture, one of the four research libraries of the New York Public Library. Schomburg Studies on the Black Experience delivers all this:

- > Original topical overviews by leading Black Studies scholars
- > Primary and secondary sources—articles, book chapters, dissertations, gray literature, and more
- > Reference materials—glossary, bibliographies, multi-thematic timelines, weblinks, and more
- > A complete multimedia library, fully captioned and searchable

This comprehensive database provides a sturdy foundation for Black Studies as well as pathways to further specialized research.

The Leading African-American Newspaper—The *Chicago Defender*, 1910–1975

The historical backfiles of the *Chicago Defender* allow students and researchers to examine the daily lives of African-Americans from the start of the 20th century through the Civil Rights Movement and beyond.

Founded in 1905, the *Chicago Defender* had become the nation's most influential Black weekly by the start of World War I, with more than two-thirds of its readership located outside of Chicago. During the period of this retrospective run, the *Defender*:

- > Encouraged the "Great Migration," the move of over 1.5 million African-Americans from the segregated South to the industrial North, from 1915 through 1925
- > Covered the Red Summer Riots of 1919

- > Editorialized for anti-lynching legislation
- > Published Walter White, Langston Hughes, and the early Gwendolyn Brooks

The *Chicago Defender* is cross-searchable within the Black Studies Center and ProQuest Historical Newspapers. Users who access it there can view page images or identify and review relevant articles with hit-term highlighting in the search results.

International Index to Black Periodicals—Full Text (IIBP—FT)

This growing resource adds scholarly journals and newsletters to the treasury of content in the Black Studies Center. IIBP—FT offers:

- > Global reach—U.S., Caribbean, and Africa
- > Multidisciplinary coverage—cultural, economic, historical, religious, social, and political issues important to Black Studies and many other subjects

- > Current full text—95 titles
- > Deep retrospective indexing—1902 onward; over 250,000 citations and abstracts; 256 indexed titles

IIBP—FT provides current perspectives on the Black experience, as well as citations that support further research.

Black Literature Index

This electronic index of UMI's Black Literature microfiche allows users to search over 70,000 bibliographic citations for fiction, poetry, and literary reviews published in 110 black periodicals and newspapers between 1827 and 1940. For citations to content from the *Chicago Defender* for which full text is available in Black Studies Center, a link is included directly to the relevant article.



- > "... BSC is an impressive and valuable database for institutions requiring a variety of resources pertaining to Black Studies, especially institutions with sizeable programs in African-American, African, or Ethnic Studies."

—*Charleston Advisor*, October 2006

Additional Modules

Additional modules such as ProQuest's Historical Newspapers—Black Newspapers, ProQuest's Dissertations for Black Studies, and The HistoryMakers can further enhance your users' search experience.

Enhance your Black Studies Center by selecting from these optional add-on modules:

The HistoryMakers

Bring history to life with this collection of 100 oral history videos from the nation's largest African-American video oral history archive. Each video is two to three hours in length and accompanied by complete, searchable transcripts. The interviews present full accounts of the person's early life, family history, education, and professional work. The collection includes interviews of contemporary African-Americans such as Barack Obama, Reverend Al Sharpton, Gordon Parks, John Lewis, John H. Johnson, Julian Bond, Nikki Giovanni, John Hope Franklin, Terry McMillian, Isaac Hayes, Alvin Poussaint, and many others.

ProQuest Historical Newspapers—Black Newspapers

Expand the breadth and depth of primary source material in Black Studies Center by adding more Historical Black Newspapers from ProQuest. You may add any or all of these important newspapers: *New York Amsterdam News* (1922-1993), *Pittsburgh Courier* (1911-2002), *Atlanta Daily World* (1931-2003), and *Los Angeles Sentinel* (1934-2005). Also available in 2008 will be the *Baltimore Afro-American* (1893-1988), the *Cleveland Call & Post* (1934-1991), *The Norfolk Journal and Guide* (1921-2003), and the *Philadelphia Tribune* (1912-2001). As an added enhancement, Black Literature Index records are linked directly to the corresponding full-text articles, not only in the *Chicago Defender*, but also in the *New York Amsterdam News*, the *Pittsburgh Courier*, and *The Norfolk Journal and Guide*.

ProQuest Dissertations for Black Studies

This optional add-on module contains a thousand doctoral dissertations and masters' theses examining a wide variety of topics and subject areas relating to Black Studies. Included are dissertations written between 1970 and 2004 at over 100 universities and colleges across the United States. This module gives valuable access to the record of scholarship on Black Studies in the United States.

MULTIPLE PERSPECTIVES FOR IN-DEPTH STUDY

Angela Davis. The Black Studies Center gives researchers single-point access to articles, images, essays, interviews, and more, providing a multifaceted look at fascinating people and critical issues. To learn more about activist, author, and educator Angela Davis, for example—one time a member of the FBI's "most wanted" list and today a professor of History of Consciousness and Feminist Studies at the University of California at Santa Cruz—researchers can view more than 800 newspaper articles, including the *Daily Defender's* 1971 five-part story "tracing the life of one of the nation's most surprising revolutionaries" as she sat in jail awaiting trial. Or, users of the Black Studies Center with The HistoryMakers Add-on Module can watch her describe her childhood, education, and career in her own words. Timelines, essays, journals, and other resources round out this essential resource.



The leading African-American newspaper, the *Chicago Defender*, 1910-1975, is just one component of the growing Black Studies Center.

EXTRA EXTRA EXTRA KILL JIM CROW SCHOOLS

U.S. Supreme Court Rules Unanimously In Ending Segregation In Education

By DARRELL GARWOOD
(See Page 2, 3, 21)
WASHINGTON.—(INS)—The Supreme Court unanimously outlawed racial segregation in the public schools Monday as a violation of the constitutional guarantee of equality to all.

The momentous decision put off until next fall any action on the integration of white and Negro public schools in the 21 states and the District of Columbia where segregation has been practiced.

Monday's ruling does away with the court's own decision in 1896 that Negroes are entitled to "separate but equal" facilities.

Chief Justice Earl Warren declared: "...In the field of public education, the doctrine of 'separate but equal' has no place. Separate educational facilities are inherently unequal."

The decision that segregation by race or color violates the Constitution's guarantee of "equal protection of the laws" to all Americans was handed down in five cases that had been brought to the tribunal.

These were filed by Negro parents in Kansas, South Carolina, Delaware, Virginia and the District of Columbia. The other states where public school segregation has been traditional are: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, New Mexico, North and South Carolina, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia and Wyoming.

State legislatures in Georgia, South Carolina and Mississippi have voted to take steps to turn their public schools over to private operation if necessary to avoid integration.

The court set for next fall arguments on the question of when segregation should be ended and whether it should appoint a "special master" to hear evidence and make recommendations on that

50th YEAR OF PUBLICATION

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NATIONAL
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15¢ and WORTH IT

CMES CHANGE NAME, UP SMITH, ALLEN TO BISHOP

Gov. Byrnes Comments ...

COLUMBIA, S. C.—(INS)—Gov. James F. Byrnes of South Carolina said Monday he had no immediate statement regarding abolition of segregation by the U.S. Supreme court.

Gov. Byrnes, a former member of the high tribunal, stoutly opposed the stand the court took Monday.

Atty. Marshall Comments ...

WASHINGTON—Atty. General Marshall, chief counsel for the plaintiffs in the school cases said Monday:

"The important thing about the decision was that it was unanimous and that it was sweeping in its range."

Marshall was asked by reporters whether he anticipated any trouble. He said he did not know since the order is given and made clear they will sit down and discuss methods of hearing it.

Marshall was asked what he felt would happen if Georgia and South Carolina refused to take the government's orders. He said the federal government can then say "we will withhold your mail."

'Prophet' Jailed For Pandering

CLEVELAND, Ohio — A self-styled "prophet," accused of operating a call girl ring which included a Shaker Heights heiress and a 23-year-old West Side housewife, was sentenced to a maximum of 68 years in prison last week after a jury found him guilty of all 11 counts of rape and pandering indictment.

Common Pleas Judge Arthur J. Day, who sentenced Emmet (Prophet) Cobb to the Ohio State Penitentiary for not less than 14 years, said he had never heard a more nauseating case in his 22 years of experience as a judge.

Cobb, a fat-capped figure, was shot at the judge and sentenced to a maximum of 68 years in prison last week after a jury found him guilty of all 11 counts of rape and pandering indictment.

Prosecutor The outlined the "high methods" used by the 15-year-old judge and procure a \$100,000 for "this One of the es was a m Carnegie at 20-between 1912. The a 40 per night. The ceived and cord



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